

THE SITUATION FOR OLDER WORKERS IN ESTONIA



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Aim and structure of the study

• To analyze the labour market situation and workability of the older workers (45+) in Estonia

Issues to be covered

- The demographic situation and trends
- The labour market situation of older workers
- Health and work ability of the older workers
- Social security system as an exit opiton from the labour market
- Recommendations and examples of promoting the status of ageing workers



Outline of the presentation

The demographic situation

- Age structure of the labour force and projections
- Dependency ratios
- Labour force change under various scenarios

Labour market situation of the older workers

- General overview of the main labour market indicators
- Employment situation of the older workers compared to other age groups
- Unemployment
- Inactivity
- EU targets for older workers and Estonia: employment rate and average exit age



Demographic trends

Population ageing

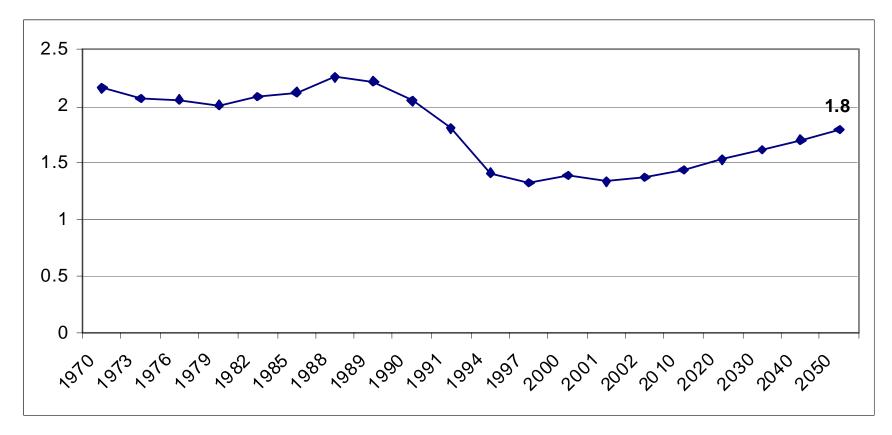
- share of people over 60 will increase from 21,6% in 2002 to 35% in 2050

- median age of the population will increase from 38 years in 2002 to 47 years in 2050

- Fertility rates over 2 in 1970-1990, rapid decline in nineties (1,37 2002)
- Low life expectancy at birth, decrease in nineties, currently 65,2 years for men and 77 years for women
- Population is decreasing by 363 thousand people by 2062 (2050 – fertility rate 1,8; life expectancy men 75,5, women 81,5; no migration)
- Old-age dependancy ratio will increase from 26% to 49% in 2050 (EU-53%, OECD-46%)

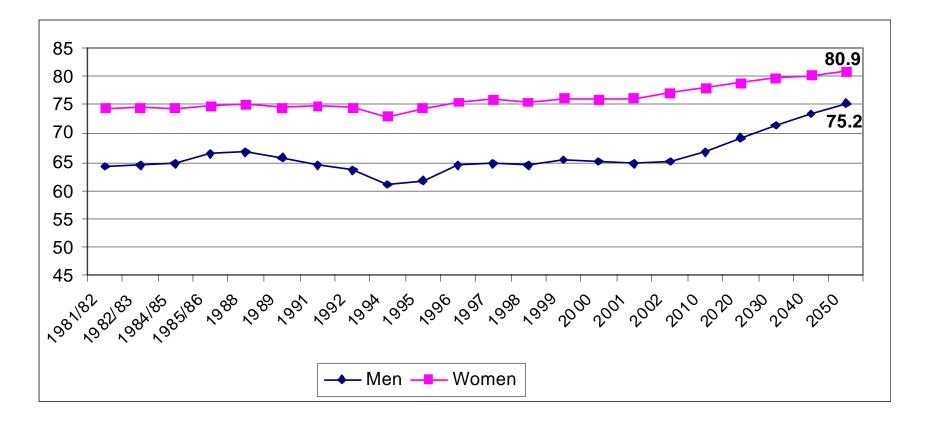


Total fertility rate



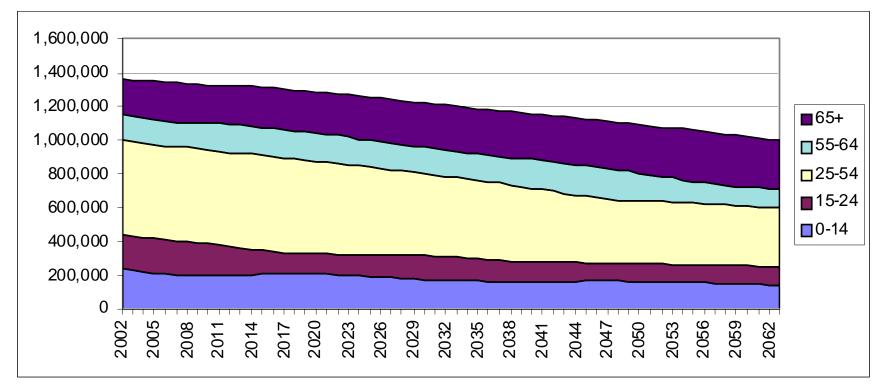
Source: Statistical Office of Estonia, projections by PRAXIS

Life expectancy at birth



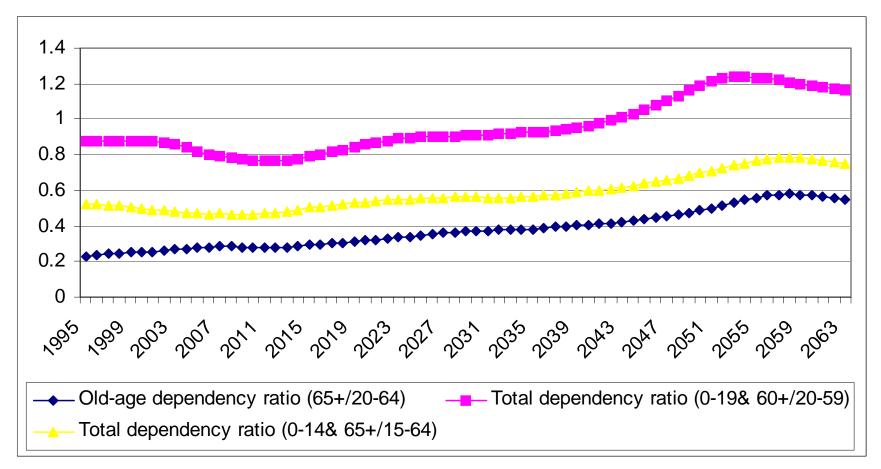
Source: Statistical Office of Estonia, projections by PRAXIS

Age structure of the population



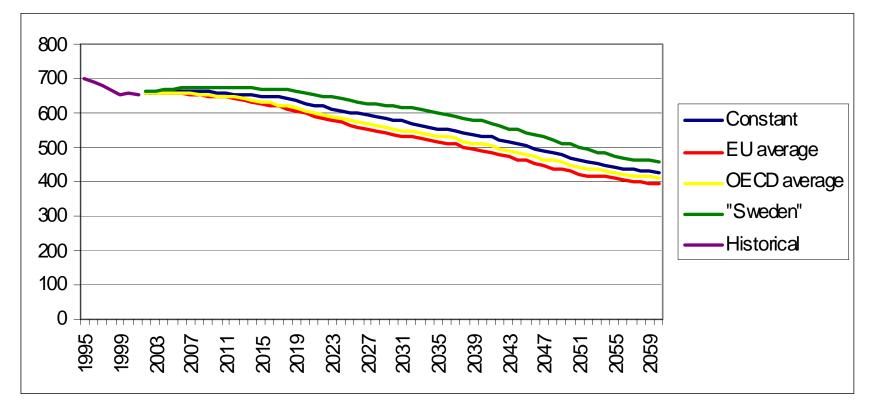
Source: Statistical Office of Estonia, projections by PRAXIS

Dependancy ratios



Source: Statistical Office of Estonia, projections by PRAXIS

Labour force growth under various scenarios, thousands



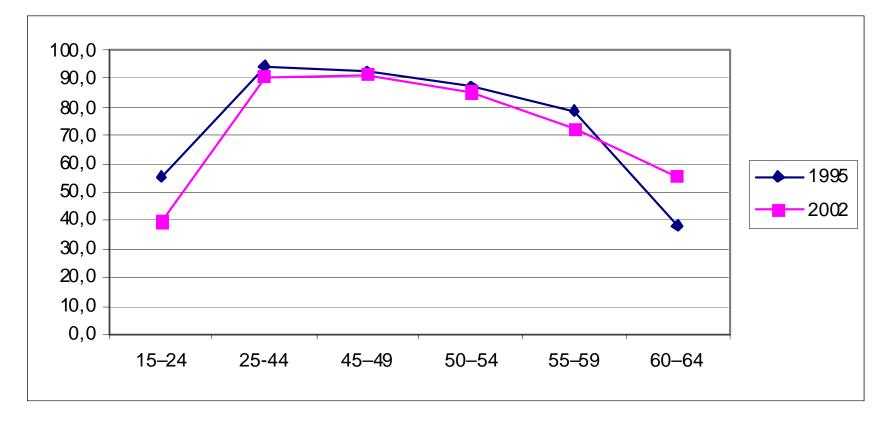
Source: Statistical Office of Estonia, projections by PRAXIS

Labour market trends

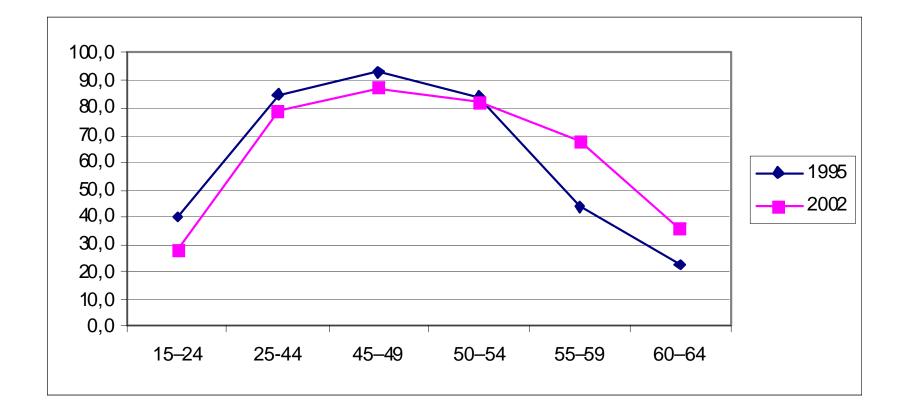
- Participation and employment rates declined during 1992-2002 (from 75.1 to 69.0 and 72.3 to 61.7)
- Unemployment rose from 3.7 to 10.5 during 1992-2002
- Unemployment has been traditionally higher among men than women (men 11.0, women 10.1 in 2002)
- In absolute terms (15-64, 2002)
 - size of the labour force 632 000
 - number of employed 566 000
 - number of unemployed 67 00



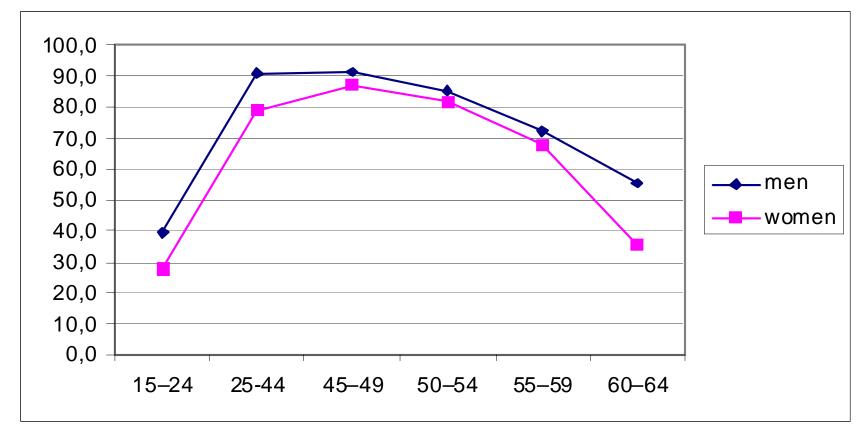
Age dependent participation rates: 1995 and 2002 Men



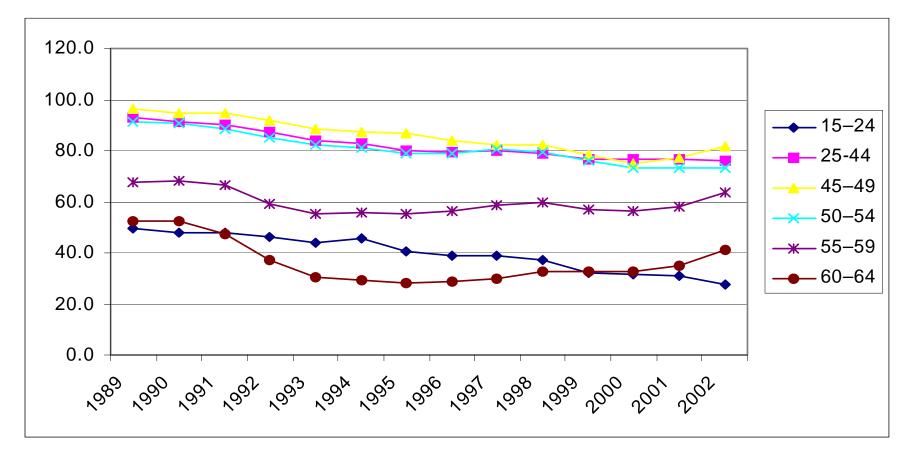
Age dependent participation rates: 1995 and 2002 Women



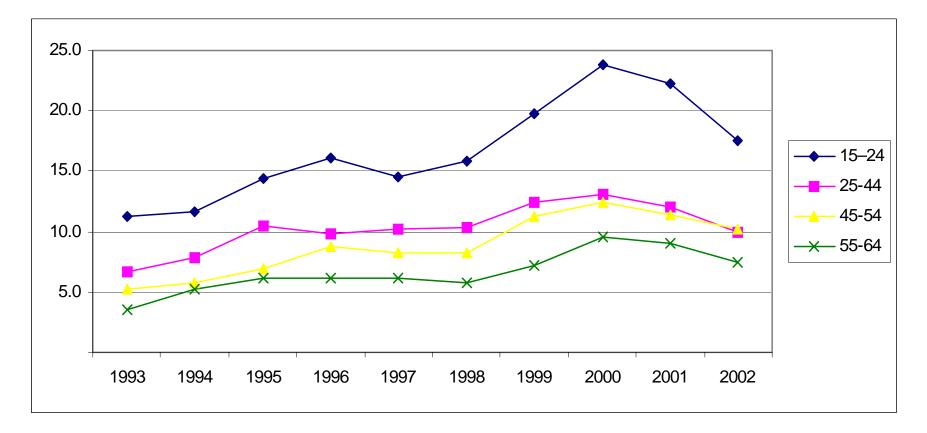
Age dependent participation rates: men and women 2002



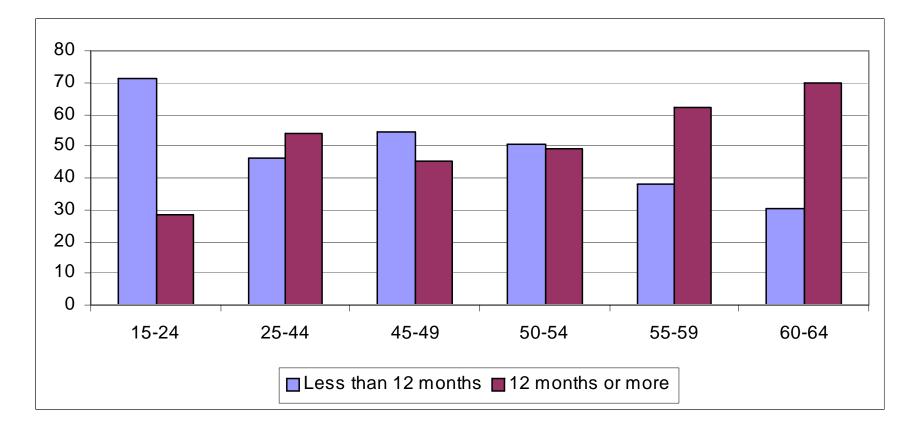
Employment rates by age groups



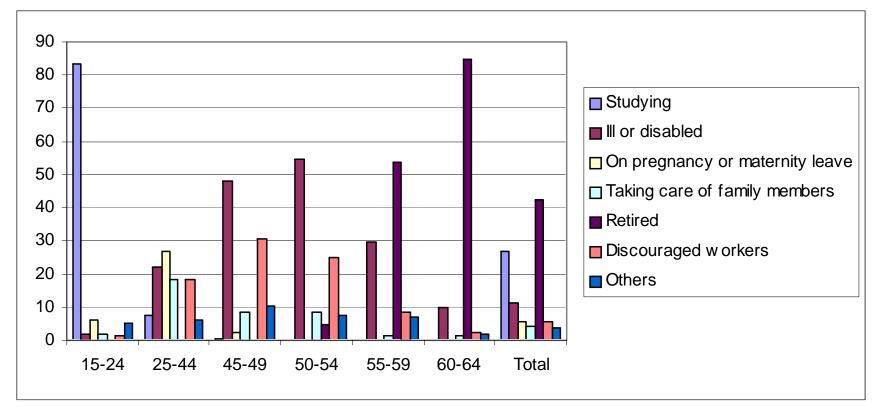
Unemployment rates by age group



Long-term unemployment by age groups, % of all unemployed in each age group 2001



Reasons for inactivity by age groups



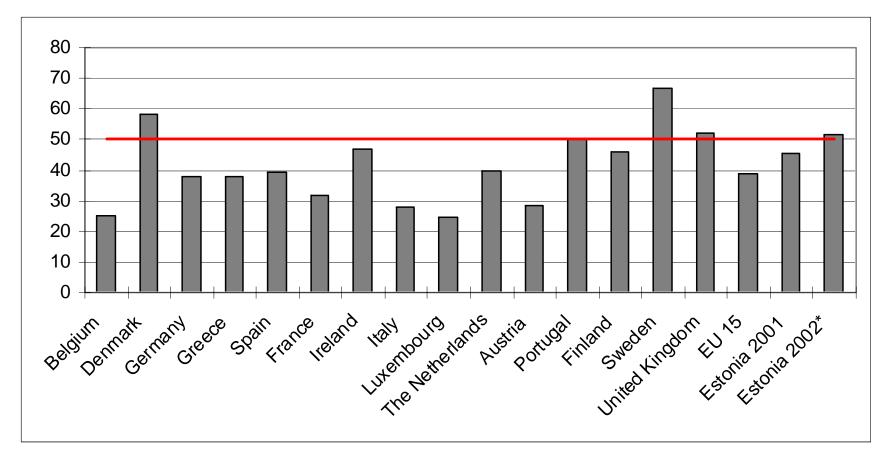
Source: Statistical Office of Estonia

EU targets for older workers (55-64)

- To increase the employment rate of older workers (55-64) to 50% by 2010
- To increase the average exit age from the labour force by 5 years (to 65 years)

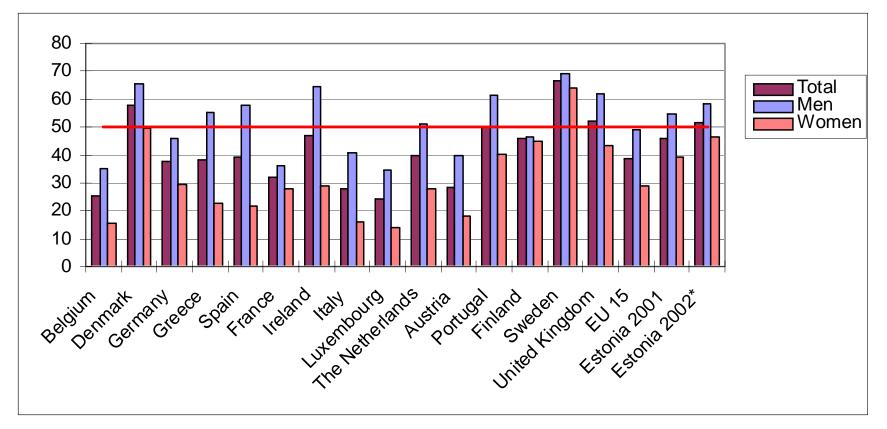


EU targets: employment rate 55-64, 2001



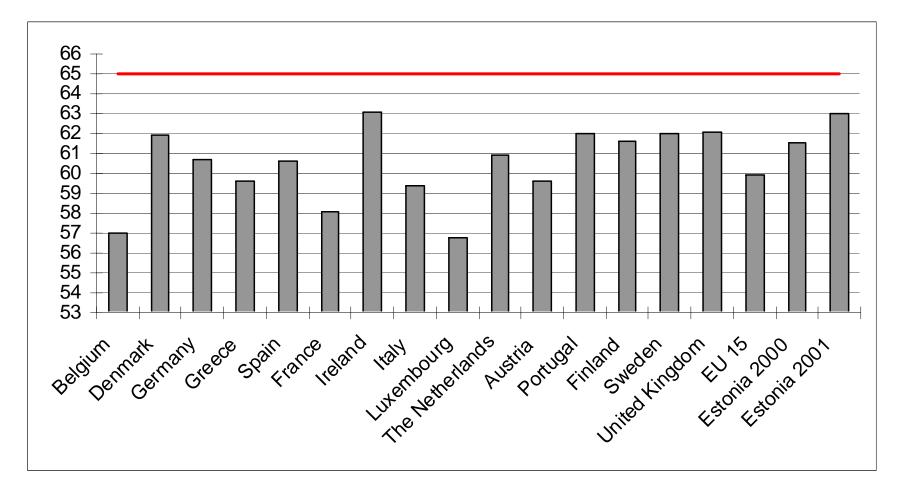
Source: Statistical Office of Estonia; Commission of the European Communities, 2003

EU targets: employment rate 55-64 by gender, 2001



Source: Statistical Office of Estonia; Commission of the European Communities, 2003

EU targets: average exit age 2001



Source: Statistical Office of Estonia; Commission of the European Communities, 2003

Conclusions

- Population is ageing rapidly
- Dependancy ratios increase, in 2050 the change is in the same range as in EU on average
- Labour force is decreasing
- Employment and participation rates of the older workers have increased during the past 7 years
- Long-term unemployment is prevalent among older workers
- Compared to EU targets, the employment situation of the older workers (55-64) is better in Estonia than in EU on average
- Unused labour potential (2001):
 - Retired 43 000 (60-64), 14 000 (55-59)
 - Unemployed 82 000
 - Discouraged workers 12 000



THANK YOU !!!

